

VOLUME 22, NO. 12

RHINELANDER, WISCONSIN, THURSDAY, MAY 14, 1908

TERMS-\$1.50 IN ADVANCE

Enormous Underwear Transaction

A special large deal places 475 dozen celebrated high-grade fashion underwear upon our counters at less than manufacturer's cost. Every garment is perfection and of this season's production. You will find striped lisle and plain colored ribbed lisle with silk fronts, in all sizes that are positively worth \$1.00, \$1.25 and \$1.50. No better fitting underwear made, at choice, 25c, 50c, 75c and \$1.00.

SPRING SHIRTS AND NECKWEAR

We have unpacked an especially fine line of Men's Shirts, also a fine assortment of Hosiery and Neckwear. We have 100 dozen up-to-date Neckties, gems for little money, \$1.00 quality for 48 cents.

Call and see our line.

H. LEWIS,
THE ONE-PRICE CLOTHIER.

OUR MOTTO!

Better Goods for the Same Money,
Or the Same Goods for Less Money.

We are not disposed to boast, but we are mindful of the fact that our business is in a more prosperous and healthy condition than in its history, and we can only account for its growth, in the fact that square dealing, and good goods have gone hand in hand without style of trade. We have always tried to buy the very best, and sell at the very lowest living prices, consequently we have a wonderful good trade in merchandise.

Today we are making a special low price on Carpets, on Dress Goods, and Shoes. These are the goods we can interest you on. See us before you buy.

SPAFFORD & COLE.

CALL AT THE

NEW DRUG STORE

-FOR-
DRUGS, CHEMICALS, PATENT MEDICINES,
TOILET ARTICLES, PERFUMES, ETC.

A Splendid Line of delicate and lasting odors always in stock.

PRESCRIPTIONS CAREFULLY COMPOUNDED FROM THE PUREST DRUGS.

F. E. KRETLOW, Pharmacist.

249

LEWIS HARDWARE COMPANY,
RHINELANDER, WISCONSIN.

MURDER SUSPECTS FREE

Edward Berry and John O'Donnell, Charged With the Murder of Conductor Young, Are Acquitted by Jury.

Working on the theory that men are innocent until they are proven guilty John O'Donnell and Edward Berry, the two men who have been confined in the county jail since last July, are free. They were acquitted by the jury after that body had been out two hours deliberating on the case.

The case was given to the jury Monday night at six o'clock after having been before the court since last Wednesday noon. All details had been carefully gone over and the closing arguments of the attorneys for the defendants and the state were very lengthy. The judge's charge specifically outlined the points to be considered by the jurors and was voluminous. It was read by the court from manuscript.

The verdict of acquittal was hardly expected by those who had attended the trial, although the evidence was not strong enough to warrant a conviction on the original charge. It was thought by many that the jury would turn to a verdict convicting the men with being accessories to the crime. However the judgment of twelve men who had listened to all the evidence and given it due consideration is worth more than the average opinion and the men have been adjudged not guilty.

The case was vigorously prosecuted by the state from the start and the closing argument of Sam S. Miller, district attorney, who conducted the prosecution, covered the entire field. He brought out several points in his address to the jury that impressed those who were in the courtroom. He reviewed the testimony turned in and his argument was logical and strong. He was assisted by suggestions from Peter Valdy, a detective for the North-Western rail, who was closely identified with the capture of both defendants and who was in close attendance on the case from the time it was called to its close. Attorney A. W. Shelton, who together with A. P. Beckman, appeared for the defendants, presented a strong defense for his clients. His objections to the testimony turned in on behalf of the state were numerous and apparently tended to harass the prosecution. He very naturally reasoned that the defendant O'Donnell was without guile and brought strong stress to bear on the tall, dark man w. o., according to the defense, fired the shots that ended Conductor Young's life.

The presence in the court room, during the trial, of the widowed wife and fatherless child of the murdered man caused a feeling of pity to enter the hearts of many of the spectators.

Both men were given their liberty by Sheriff Kearns and they were seen on the street Monday evening. It is understood that Berry has been employed by A. Lago who served as one of the jurors. Mr. Lago has a large farm west of the city. O'Donnell expressed a desire to go to Minneapolis.

MARGARET MILLER DIES

Daughter of District Attorney Sam S. Miller Passes Away After an Illness of Many Weeks.

Margaret, the little nine-year-old daughter of Attorney Sam S. Miller, passed into the world beyond last night at eleven o'clock after an illness of eight weeks. Death resulted from heart failure and was due to the disease termed endocarditis by the medical fraternity.

The little soul had been poised midway between the abode of flesh and eternity for weeks and although the question of recovery was raised in doubt everything possible within the province of the physician was done to hold the vital spark.

For weeks the tender care of a father and mother and the counsel and treatment of physicians had sought to stay the relentless hand, the cold touch of which ends all, but help was not for the little girl and like others who have gone before her passed peacefully to her home and although the passing was painless it brought the sorrow and anguish that God ordained must come to all who are of the earth, earthly.

Little Margaret Miller was universally beloved by all with whom she came in contact and while her sojourn here was limited, yet she was of the temperament to create loving friendship and affection. Her early passing when the years of life had but just begun is lamented most keenly by the father and family and by the numerous circle of friends and neighbors who have felt the comfort of the young girl's presence here.

Funeral services will be held from the home residence Saturday morning at 10:30. Rev. A. G. Wilson, pastor of the Congregational church, will officiate.

The Sister Superior at St. Mary's hospital is said to be very ill with typhoid fever.

BRING IN THE MAGAZINES.

The Public Library Can Make Good Use of All Periodicals.

Collect your old magazines and have them ready for the library collection to be made soon.

78 volumes of bound magazines

have recently been added to the

bound magazine file at the library

and are a valuable addition. To

make these volumes 465 magazines

were needed. 50 of these were given

to the collection last spring. The

remainder were a gift from the Wis-

consin Free Library Commission.

An odd number of a magazine you

have may be just what is needed to

complete a volume at the library.

Besides these 78 volumes, 20 pamphlets

were made from odd magazines

and have been in use in the

schools during the year.

Hundreds of these magazines and

papers have been sent to people liv-

ing in the country and neighboring

towns and camps and all were glad

to have them.

Good use can be made of all maga-

zines given to the library.

Save them, do not destroy.

The Great Marble.

Hypnotism in its highest form, "In

its best uses and conditions," is

what the Hypnotist Marke presents

to the people who attend his enter-

tainments. Marke will appear in

this city Thursday May 21.

DEPOT IS ROBBED AGAIN

Thieves Enter the North-Western Depot Thursday Morning—Second Robbery Within a Few Weeks.

Last Thursday morning the North-Western ticket office was robbed. This is the second time within a few weeks. The amount secured was in the neighborhood of thirty-six dollars. The deed was committed in the early hours of the morning, perhaps soon after the departure of the south bound passenger train.

The operator is stationed in the freight office and has no occasion to visit the depot except when he goes to sell tickets and check up sales. The robbery was thus discovered when he went to sell tickets for the north bound morning "limited." The robber gained access to the depot proper through a side window which had been left unlocked. With the use of a bar it was an easy matter to enter the ticket office and rifle the money drawer. Detectives were put on the case soon after the discovery but the offenders had made well their escape and no trace could be found. As this makes the second time that a robbery of this nature has occurred the police are beginning to believe that some one familiar with the property and surroundings is doing the work. The depot will be closely watched hereafter in hopes that some important discovery will be made.

The railroad company will send to this station within a few days a number of patent burglar proof locks which will be fastened to the doors of the depot and ticket office.

Dies From His Injuries.

Chas. Martak died at St. Mary's hospital late Wednesday night as the result of injuries received while at work near Woodboro. Martak was a workman for the Geo. E. Wood Lumber Co. He was engaged that afternoon in loading logs upon the flat cars. A chain binding the timbers suddenly broke letting them down to the ground. Before he could escape their path Martak was hit by one of the logs, breaking his hip bone and injuring him internally. The injured man was brought here that evening over the "Sox." Dr. Welch was summoned, who upon examination, found that his injuries were such that nothing could be done to relieve him. The dead man had no friends in this country and had little money, having worked but a short time at Woodboro. He was buried Friday by the county.

The School for Scandal.

The noted actor Mr. William Owen has elected to appear this season at the young stage grace Charles Surface in the brilliant comedy "The School for Scandal," a play that has long been considered the most witty and bright ever written. After its first presentation in 1777 the fame of "The School for Scandal" spread rapidly through the whole of Europe, and was translated and performed in all the famous theatres of the continent. Even at this late day no season passes without its being presented at the Court theatres throughout Germany and in the days of Wallack, New York and the Museum of Boston a certain part of the season was always given to its revival. No book in the English language has been so widely translated except probably "Uncle Tom's Cabin."

An exceptionally fine cast accompanies Mr. Owen this season headed by the sterling actor J. W. McConnell. At the opera house May 15.

Stops the Cough.

Laxative Bromo-Quinine tablets cure

a cold in one day. No cure no pay.

Price 25 cents.

THE RHINELANDER TRACK

The Race Track at the Fair Ground is One of the Best in the State—Improvements Increase Its Value.

The new set of officers of the Oneida County Agricultural Association have not been idle since they were elected to look after the affairs of the association and at the present time the Eighth Annual Fair promises to be even a greater success than have the fairs of former years.

Although it is early in the fair season Dr. T. R. Welch, the secretary of the association, is busy arranging for the coming exhibits and the track events which have always been the leading features of the fair.

It is safe to say that the fair association can now boast of one of the very best half-mile tracks in the state. Every effort has been put forth to make it rank with the best and from present appearances it will meet with popular favor among all visiting horsemen as well as the numerous local owners of racing stock here in Rhinelander.

Ever since the fair association was organized the racing feature of the proposition appealed to the directors in a strong light. It was noticed that the women and children took to the "pumpkin shows" and that they also were interested in the whirling non and the cane rack and soap fakers. The wise men of the association, however, took notice of the increased attendance when a racing event was scheduled, and the added receipts in the treasurer's office at the close of the day's program helped them to materially realize that the fleetting shapes of fast horses kicking around the pike was conducive to an increased attendance, each day of the fair when racing was featured.

When the track was first laid out at the grounds it was no better than the average course up in this northern country. To make it trees had to be cut down and stumps uprooted and the clearing process was necessarily slow. The first racing program scheduled for the track demonstrated that the people here took very kindly to that kind of sport and improvements at the track have been in order ever since. Year by year it has been hardened and leveled up. The expressions from visiting horsemen have materially aided the directors in carrying on the work of improvement. Up to this year the laying of the course has been most earnestly longed for but has been at the same time a remote possibility owing to the shortage of funds. For a long time it was known that in order to have the track "fast" and in keeping with the other race courses around the country that new material had to be put on it and that the turns would of necessity have to be rounded out. All of this has been done under the direction of Dr. T. R. Welch, the newly elected secretary of the Fair Association.

With characteristic push and the determination to make the track as good as any in the state the doctor took up the offer of the racing men and going personally responsible for the work entailed had it done with the result that today Rhinelander can boast of as fine a half mile track as there is in the state. It is hard and level as a floor. The turns are gauged to offer the least resistance to the onward sweep of the racers and upon the whole the track is one to be proud of. A large sum of money has been required to carry on the work but it has all been furnished. The race events this year will be decidedly interesting owing to the improvements and racial efforts are being made to bring in a line of fast horses that will turn the track at clips that will astonish those who have held watches heretofore.

Horse owners throughout this section of the state are welcome to the use of the track and stalls for training purposes without charge. This should act as an incentive to horsemen as the track is in splendid condition and is easy of access from all points.

The railroad facilities are of the best and horses can get in here and out with dispatch, the convergence here of the C. & N. W. Ry and the "Sox" giving the horsemen shipping advantages north, south, east and west.

A Pleasant Event.

About thirty-five couples were in attendance at the dancing party at Gilligan's hall last Friday evening. The affair was given by the High school Juniors, they spent much time in decorating the hall and it presented a very pretty appearance. Potted plants, evergreens and flowers made up the display, with cozy corners scattered about. Punch was served by two small girls in white. Fredrickson's full orchestra furnished the music and dancing was indulged in until after midnight. A most enjoyable time was reported by everyone there.

Homewalks.

Homewalks rates via the "Sox Line." One fare plus \$2.00 for the round trip to points in North and South Dakota and the Canadian Northwest every Tuesday until June 30th. Ask nearest Sox Line Agent for information and particulars.

A Coming Event.

An entertainment of musical attraction is to be given in the Congregational church Friday evening, May 22. Rosa D'Elia, Prima Dona Soprano and Organist assisted by G. R. Vontom, Impersonator and tenor soloist are to appear on above date in their song, lecture and recital giving a program which has been repeated recently at Appleton and Janesville and presented in many other places.

The Priscilla society has the concert in charge and are to be congratulated in securing the attraction.

It is intended to secure a large advance sale of tickets which have been placed at the nominal sum of twenty cents.

Milwaukee—Her entire program was sterling in its character, sparkling in its range and variety and exquisite in its rendition. Mr. Vontom, too, is a charming singer as well as an infallible reader of humorous stories.—Sentinel.

Rockford, 19.—Miss D'Elia has a voice of great power and sweetness. It is richly sympathetic and holds the hearer spellbound. Mr. Vontom had also a fine voice which is especially strong in humorous effects. He is, however, versatile, and in everything which he undertook last evening he carried the audience with him.—Daily Register.

FOUND HANGING BY NECK

A Bartender in the City Hotel Saloon Commits Suicide By the Rope Route—Cause Unknown.

Victor Hanson, who has been employed in the sample room of the City Hotel for the past three months as bartender, was missed from his accustomed place behind the bar last night and a search developed the fact that he would never more hand over the cup that cheers to the thirsty patrons of the place.

Lee Isaacson, an employee of the hotel, came into the saloon shortly before six o'clock last night and after waiting some time for the bartender to show up started out to look for him. He noticed a key in the door of one of the out-buildings and supposing that Hanson had entered opened the door. The sight that met his gaze caused him to beat a hasty retreat and summon help. Hanson was hanging by his neck from a rope attached to the rafters of the building and his face wore the horrible look that comes from strangulation. He was cut down and it was found that the rope was tied to a cork-screw which had been screwed into the scantling.

The man was stone dead and had evidently been hanging in the building for nearly half an hour.

The dead man was taken to the undertaking rooms of F. A. Hildebrand and prepared for burial.

No cause is known for his rash act although he had made a statement earlier in the day that indicated self destruction.

So far as known he has no relatives in this section.

NEW NORTH.

RUSSIAN FAIRIES COME

WHINELANDER. • WISCONSIN

If immigration continues to the end of this fiscal year at the rate maintained for the first nine months all records will be exceeded and the total reach \$60,000.

American apples to the extent of 2,000,000 barrels have been shipped to Europe during the last six months. This is one of the items that help explain the enormous growth of American exports in recent years.

It is well to be informed definitely that Harvard university wants that additional \$2,000,000 "for the purpose of expanding its educational department." Otherwise it might have been thought that it needed the money for baseball and football uses.

A rider-in-the-slot X-ray machine has been invented. The observer places a coin in the slot, moves a lever, puts his hand, or whatever he wishes to examine, into a box without any sides and looks down at it through the fluorescent screen which forms the top of the box.

Hamburg, Pa., recently communicated with Mr. Carnegie regarding the purchase of a pipe organ for a new church. The letter concluded: "The gift of \$10,000 will go to us a thousand dollars to help build a 'kist' of 'wheelies'." Mr. Carnegie replied that he "woud."

Twenty British workmen have started an inspection of the conditions of labor in this country, and now Germany has sent 46 farmers to study American agriculture. If this sort of thing is going on, we should establish technical schools for the instruction of the rest of the world.

It is stated by an eastern paper that the Reading railroad "will have a larger surplus for the fiscal year ending June 20 next than for the preceding year, and easily make up the losses by the coal strike." Consumers are able to give so favorable a report. Their losses are permanent, with the ankles thrown in.

Robert Byers and John Valerio were killed by the breaking of a derrick boom in the Mount Washington tunnel of the Wabash road near Pittsburg.

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For a new Christian Science church in Concord, N. H., Mrs. Eddy has given \$10,000.

In Connecticut a bill granting women the right to vote was rejected in the legislature.

It has been decided by the management of the Lackawanna railroad to supersede the telegraph with the telephone in operation of trains.

Mrs. Alice Hull Burdick, of Buffalo, N. Y., by a decision of the surrogate, will get the custody of her three children.

WEST AND SOUTH.

Throughout the country low temperature has prodded a serious check to the vegetation.

The president visited Albuquerque and Santa Fe, New Mexico, and continued his journey toward the Grand canyon of the Colorado.

The president inspected the borders of the Grand Canyon in Arizona and greeted members of his old regiment and presented diplomas to school graduates.

At Superior, Ia., burglars robbed and burned the post office and several stores.

In an address at the corrections and charities conference in Atlanta, Ga., President R. W. De Forest declared New York, the Pacific states and the south all face problems to settle.

Gov. Beckham, of Kentucky, offers \$500 reward for the arrest of J. R. Marcus's assassin at Jackson.

At Port Huron the Michigan Steamship company's twin screw steamer Eastland, 275 feet long, was launched for the Chicago-South Haven trade.

Illinois and Indiana coal operators filed an answer to the government's antitrust suit, and admitted a working agreement, but denied unlawful combination to fix prices.

Judge Munger, of Omaha, issued a sweeping restraining order against striking teamsters.

In a trial run with his gasoline automobile in Cleveland, Alexander Winton covered a mile in one minute and two seconds, breaking the world's record.

In Chicago 20 stock yards packing plants were tied up by a strike of engineers.

In a free fight at a hotel dance in Big Creek, Mich., Dave Trombley was killed and Harry Schindelke fatally wounded.

The Forty-third general assembly of Illinois adjourned sine die after a session lasting just four months.

Reports of railroads show liberalization in earnings.

In two of the parochial schools at Omaha, Neb., the scholars went on strike for shorter hours.

C. H. Egbert, United States consul to the state of Durango, Mexico, died in San Antonio, Tex. He was a native of Streator, Ill.

The rural post office delivery service at Gallatin, Tenn., has been stopped by the postmaster general because of threats made by masked men against the negro carrier's life.

The Rock Island has bought the St. Louis and San Francisco railroad system, with 4,000 miles of track.

The president opened his tour of California with a speech at Redlands. Ex-Mayor A. A. Ames, of Minneapolis, was convicted of accepting \$600 bribe while in office.

By a stroke of rock in a tunnel at Eggleston Springs, Va., nine men were killed and five others injured, three fatally.

The national charities and corrections conference at Atlanta, Ga., favors municipal lodging houses instead of police stations as sleeping places for tramps.

A WEEK'S HISTORY

The Important Happenings of a Week Briefly Told.

IN ALL PARTS OF THE UNION

All the Latest News of Interest from Washington, From the East, the West and the South.

THE LATEST FOREIGN DISPATCHES

FROM WASHINGTON. The United States supreme court has declared void the law prescribing punishment for persons who present negroes voting.

The post office officials realize that reorganization is necessary, as the service is hampered by the bad feeling engendered by scandals.

On July 4 Secretary Shaw and his family will sail for Europe.

Throughout the United States the twentieth annual readjustment of salaries of presidential postmasters is now in progress.

The post offices at large cities will be investigated for possible extravagance in buying supplies and bad discipline.

After considering the merits of the new army musket the arms board pronounced it the most powerful weapon of its kind in the world.

The appointment is announced of Willis Sweet, of Newark, N. J., as attorney general of Porto Rico.

THE EAST.

At Baldwinsville, N. Y., Andrew Baldwin, aged ten, was killed by the accidental discharge of a gun loaded with dry beans.

At Fort Adams, Rhode Island, the range finder tower has been wrecked and its valuable instruments destroyed by fire.

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Flames nearly wiped out the town of Sulphur Springs, Ind.

James Statford, pastor of the Cumberland Presbyterian church at Harrisonton Ind., has perfected a stopper to make bottles nonrefillable, and has been offered \$1,000 for his patent.

After undergoing an operation for appendicitis, J. A. Burgess, editor of the *Withee* (Wis.) Sentinel, died at East China.

The bakers in Chicago have decided to raise the price of their goods.

FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE.

At White cone, N. S., the American fishing schooner *Gloriana*, of Gloucester, Mass., went ashore, and 15 members of the crew, including the captain, were drowned.

England warns the powers that the establishment of a fortified post on the Persian gulf will be resisted to the extent of the empire's ability.

Turkish officials blame Bulgaria for the outrages committed by the Macedonians throughout that country.

In a railroad accident at Dexter, Oct. 12, 12 men were killed and eight others were badly injured.

In London Andrew Carnegie has been inaugurated president of the British Iron and Steel Institute.

The Montana earthquake 120 Morris were killed or wounded and two Americans slain in an attack by Capt. Pershing's troops. The Sultan of Maracanda surrendered.

Advises from the Balkans show that Turkey is threatening to adopt radical disciplinary measures against Bulgaria.

The Velasco, a Spanish gunboat, sank by the ships of Admiral Dewey off Cavite.

James M. McCormick, of Wilkes-Barre, Pa., recently communicated with Mr. Carnegie regarding the purchase of a pipe organ for a new church. The letter concluded: "The gift of \$10,000 will give us a thousand dollars to help build a 'kist' of 'wheelies'." Mr. Carnegie replied that he "woud."

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Prof. Trueblood, of the university at Ann Arbor, Mich., has added a course in love-making to the curriculum of the university, and the number of students is daily increasing.

The proposed destruction of the walls about the city of Manila has brought out a protest from a number of patriotic societies in this country, and after considering the matter Secretary Root has given instructions not to disturb the walls.

Considerable alarm is felt over the appearance of bubonic plague at Callao, Peru.

The Colombian congress has been called for June 20.

MINOR NEWS ITEMS.

Luigi Arditti, the well-known musical conductor, passed away in London. The young duchess of Marlborough has a father, a mother, a stepfather and a stepmother.

Josiah E. Lynn, once Jay Gould's partner in business, died in an almshouse at Washington, N. J.

A tract of \$2,600 acres of ranch land near Santa Rosalia, California, is now open to settlement by the poor colony.

THE NEW NORTH.

RHINELANDER PENTING CO.

ADVERTISING RATES.

DISPLAY ADVERTISEMENTS—For a contract of three months or less, twenty cents per column inch for each insertion.

FOR A SIX MONTHS' CONTRACT, ten cents per column inch for each insertion.

FOR A YEARLY CONTRACT, ten cents per column inch for each insertion.

In addition to the above all composition in display ads in excess of three minutes per inch, will be charged at the rate of fifteen cents per hour.

READING NOTICES.

Reading Notices will be charged at ten cents per line for the first insertion and five cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

All Notices will be charged for at regular rates except notices of death services.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

Recorded With the Register of Deeds for Week Ending Tuesday, May 12.

Following are the real estate transfers in Oneida County for the week ending Tuesday, May 12, as recorded in the office of the register of deeds:

Wm. Leonard to Henry Elder, Lot 2, Blk. 7, Coors & Barnes addition

To city of Rhinelander \$125.00

T. W. Hinske to Frank Online, Land in Sec. 11, Tp. 11, \$400.00

D. F. Ecker to Matt Thompson, Lots 5 and 6, and part of lots 7, 8, Blk. 2, Coors & Barnes addition

Mary A. Bedford to Mary A. French, Lot 1, Blk. 3, first addition to city of Rhinelander \$150.00

Alice Stapleton to George G. Grand, Lot 4, Blk. 37, \$25.00

Albert Stapleton to Lewis Larson, Lot 12, Blk. 12, second addition to city of Rhinelander \$25.00

S. H. Albin, Lands in Sec. 11, Tp. 11, of S. H. Albin's second addition to city of Rhinelander \$250.00

A. Selwyn to Robbins Lumber Co., Lands in Sec. 11, Tp. 11, \$1.00

W. W. Neville to J. W. Emerick, Lands in Sec. 22 and 23, Tp. 32, \$1.00

S. H. Albin to George A. Albin, Lot 1, Blk. 6, of the second addition to city of Rhinelander \$1.00

Special Reduced Excursion Rates.

Will be in effect from all points on the Chicago & North-Western Rail-way for the occasions named below:

Presbyterian General Assembly, Los Angeles, May 21 to June 2.

Travelers Protective Association, Indianapolis, Ind., June 9 to 11.

Modern Woodmen of America, Indianapolis, Ind., June 17 to 24.

National Educational Association, Boston, July 6 to 10.

Nobles of the Mystic Shrine, Saratoga Springs, N. Y., July 7 to 10.

United Christian Endeavor, Denver, July 9 to 13.

Epworth League, Detroit, Mich., July 16 to 19.

H. P. O. E., Baltimore, Md., July 21 and 22.

G. A. R. meeting, San Francisco, August 17 to 22.

For information as to rates, dates of sale, etc., of these or other occasions, call upon the ticket agent of the North-Western Line.

Birds Food News.

Another ridiculous food fad has been branded by the most competent authorities. They have dispelled the silly notion that one kind of food is needed for birds, another for muscles, and still another for bones. A correct diet will not only nourish a particular part of the body, but it will sustain every other part. Yet however good your food may be, its nutriment is destroyed by indigestion or dyspepsia. You must prepare for their appearance or prevent their coming by taking regular doses of Green's August Flower, the favorite medicine of the healthy millions. A few doses aids digestion, stimulates the liver to healthy action, purifies the blood, and makes you feel buoyant and vigorous. You can get this reliable remedy at J. J. Reardon's. Price 25c and 50c.

Get Three Dollars Now.

Through a bill recently passed by the legislature the pay of jurors has been increased from two to three dollars per day. The increase affects all jurors of state courts. The jurors in the United States courts have received three dollars a day heretofore but in the state courts the per diem has always been two dollars. The mileage allowed each juror is the same as before, six cents.

A Sunday Evening Sermon.

The sermon by Rev. A. G. Wilson on "The Young Man of the 20th Century," postponed from last Sunday evening will be given next Sunday evening without fail. Some good choruses, and quartette singing have been arranged.

The morning sermon will be "What is a reasonable Sunday." This will also be discussed in the adult Sunday School department.

Dissolution of Partnership.

Notice is hereby given that the co-partnership heretofore existing between W. J. Shannon and S. D. Nelson under the firm name of Shannon & Nelson is this day dissolved by mutual consent. S. D. Nelson will continue the business and will collect all bills due and pay all debts contracted by said firm.

Dated April 24, 1903.

W. J. SHANNON,

St. Adams, Wis.

S. D. NELSON,

Rhinelander, Wis.

Baptist Church Announcement.

Rev. C. W. Palmer will preach next Sunday, subject in the morning "Right and Wrong Thinking." In the evening "The Existing Heaven and the Existing Hell from a Little Point of View." Sunday School following the morning service. Church family prayers on Thursday evening.

Saw Mill For Sale.

We offer for sale, saw mill, lath and shingle machinery. Must be moved from present locality. Capacity 25,000 feet per day. Literal terms of payment. Will take lumber for part of purchase price. Inquire of

CAMPBELL & CAMERON CO.,

75-11 Milwaukee, Wis.

E. A. Forbes returned Monday night from Ladysmith where he spent the week.

A baby girl arrived at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Shafer on the North Side, May 6.

Miss Anna Plunkett was up from Monroe to spend Sunday. Her school closes in June.

Mrs. Malvin Towne and little child are visiting among relatives at Rural, Waupaca county.

Miss Maile Matteson spent part of last week with her friend Mrs. Berkhardt a few miles from the city.

Mrs. Colon Hutchinson returned to Antigo Tuesday night after spending a couple of weeks at her home here.

Will Oatman and wife arrived in the city from Omro Monday for a visit with relatives and old time friends.

S. B. Gary, one of Arthur Vitae's head men was in Rhinelander on Saturday. He was accompanied by his wife.

Mrs. Carl Kreuzer and little daughter Helen went to Wausau Tuesday morning where they will remain for about a week the guest of relatives.

WANTED—From 2,000 to 3,000 acres of wild and cut-over timber lands in Northern Wis. Address P. O. Lock Box 72, Cumberland, Wis. 41 miles.

Miss Dugnette of Antigo spent a few days in this city the guest of her friends Mrs. Emmet Harrigan and Mrs. Colon Hutchinson. She left Tuesday afternoon for Ashland where she will spend the summer.

Mrs. Edith Kelley, who holds a position as saleslady in one of the leading department stores at Washington, is in the city visiting her parents. She was at Pleasant Lake Tuesday where she attended the wedding of her brother Lewis to Miss Mabel Wenzel.

The tax sale of Oneida county lands will be held next Tuesday in the county treasurer's office at the court house. It is expected that a number of land men from out side the city will be here on that date.

The sale will continue during the day and bid fair to be most interesting.

Aaron Lindgren arrived in the city Wednesday morning from St. Louis, Mo., where he has been employed in a dry cleaning establishment. He will spend the summer here with his brother Axel. Since leaving Rhinelander two years ago, Aaron has traveled over a great deal of territory. He spent some time in the states of Washington and California and also visited places of interest in Mexico and Central America.

S. A. Spafford, one of the veteran business men of Grand Rapids and a member of the firm of Spafford & Cole, was in Rhinelander during the week. This was Mr. Spafford's first visit here in many years and he was greatly surprised at the changes which have taken place and at the steady growth of the city. He looks after the management of the big store at Grand Rapids. He has many friends among the early citizens of Rhinelander, having at one time lived here.

To Cure a Cold in One Day

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. See.

Council Proceedings.

Official Publication

At the regular meeting of the common council held on the 5th day of May 1903.

Meeting duly called to order by the Hon. Mayor Fred Anderle at 9 o'clock p.m.

Roll call and the following alderman were present: Bell, Barnes, Bock, Crofoot, Divers, Guyette, Johnson, Olson Roepke and Stomper.

Offered and passage moved by John Swedberg.

Alderman.

Moved by ald. Roepke, seconded by ald. Olson that the said resolution be referred to the board of Public Works.

Resolution offered by ald. Roepke was read.

Resolved by the common council of the city of Rhinelander that the Board of Public Works be and they are hereby instructed to grade and gravel or cause to be graded and graveled Mercer street from its intersection with Pelham street 2 blocks southeasterly to the intersection of Mercer and Blackburn streets.

Offered and passage moved by C. H. Roepke.

Alderman.

Moved by ald. Roepke, seconded by ald. Olson that the said resolution be referred to the board of Public Works.

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Resolved by the common council of the city of Rh

MADGE THE MAG

By W. CALVER MOORE

(Continued by Dally Story Pickle)

MY AUNT she a regular swell!

"Look at them clothes."

"Put up, put up! Don't you know how to behave?"

When Mrs. Davis reached her little house in the narrow side street and spread out for preliminary inspection the clothes she had taken to wash, the daughter stood silently gazing out of the window.

"What are you moccin' like that for?"

"I ain't moccin'; I'm thinkin'."

"Well, what are you thinkin' about?"

"Her."

"Her? Who's her?"

"The girl we saw in the square."

"You better think about those clothes. She ain't none of your kind."

"I wish she was; leastwise I wish I was her kind and had such clothes."

"Shut up."

"Can't I think about her if I want?"

"Mag Davis, you get at these here clothes."

"Mag" worked for a few minutes in silence, but to refrain long from speech was not consistent with her habit.

"Say, mom, who is she, anyhow?"

"How do I know who she is?"

"You been gettin' wash from around there for a year. Is she the president's daughter?"

"No. She ain't the president's daughter. She's Madge Kendall, that's who she is, and her father's a millionaire."

"Madge, Madge—I wish my name was Madge."

"So it is; only she's a lady and you ain't. She's Madge the Lady." Then, as if in explanation: "We always called you Mag 'cause it comes handier."

"She's Madge the Lady, and I'm—Say, what am I, Mom?"

"You ain't nothin' but a lazy, good-for-nothin'!"

"I guess I'm Madge the Mag, that's what I am. She's Madge the Lady and I'm just Madge the Mag."

When Mrs. Davis started out to deliver the snowy bundle of clothes, two

other to wear on Sunday. Two coats, goodness only knows how many dresses; five or six, or maybe seven. Truly it was a wonderful thing to be so rich. The mere sight of Madge the lady was not sufficient now.

The nurse was busy talking to a policeman, and so she did not see Mag approach her charge and begin the series of shy, furtive glances with which a child usually precedes conversation with a stranger.

"My name is Madge, too."

The embryo belle drew herself haughtily up at this intimation. To be admitted at a respectful distance is one thing; to be arrested by a person of such obviously inferior station is quite another.

"I say, my name's Madge, just like yours. You're a lady, but I ain't, so they call me Mag."

"But—I don't think I know you."

"I know you, though. You're Madge Kendall and your father's a millionaire. My father's a gone, that's what he is. My mother ain't a gone, though; she washes clothes."

The other betrayed a slight curiosity, but deigned no reply.

"Say, how many coats have you got?"

"Three."

"I have five coats."

Mag opened her eyes in astonishment, but before she could say another word the conversation was rudely interrupted.

"Miss Madge! Miss Madge!" cried the excited nurse, hastening up with the policeman in her wake. "You mustn't talk to such people. Here," turning savagely upon Mag, "you run away where you belong."

"Be off with ye," commanded the policeman.

"Good-by, Miss Madge."

"Good-by—Mag."

Mag stood for a moment gazing after Madge, who was being led back to the bench. Although her farewell had been responded to, she felt that she could never be friends with the other who was so jealously guarded. Madge the lady must not speak to "such people."

It was her first experience with the distinction of caste and she did not wholly comprehend it. She only knew that for some reason or other the similarity of name was not sufficient passport to the friendship of a young lady with fine coats and goodness only knows how many dresses.

She sank down on a convenient bench and buried her head in her hands to think it over. She had always been poor, and did not expect to ever be anything else, but she had never felt it so much. The shabby skirt and ragged shoes looked more shabby and ragged than ever.

All happened in an instant. Mag was shaken out of her reverie by an uproar of shouts from down the street and the clattering rumble of a runaway team. There was a nearer sound, the scream of a frightened woman. She saw the bewildered nurse, paralyzed with fright, and the stout, awkward policeman lumbering hitherdither. She looked out into the street, and there, right across from her, was Madge the Lady, too terrified to move, and the heavy team bearing down upon her. The policeman would never be in time.

Mag darted from her bench, seized the dainty Madge—ah, low soft the velvet coat fell—and fairly lifting her off her feet, bounded to the safety of the sidewalk. But there was Mrs. Davis turning the corner. Mag had forgotten her mother. She would be captured and punished. No, she would not be captured if speed could save her.

"Look out, there!"

Too late again, Mr. Policeman!

Mag opened her eyes and looked wonderingly at the officer who beat over her head and steadied the stretcher—a patrol wagon jolted over rough places.

"How is she?"

"She's all right; safe as could be," answered the policeman. He was a stout policeman, who trotted slowly, and he seemed to understand just who Mag meant.

"What are you 'restin' me for, and—oh! What's the matter with my leg?"

"Just keep still and we'll fix you up as soon as we get to the hospital. You see, ye jumped back into the street again and the wagon hit ye."

"I remember, Izaak Mom."

The closed her eyes and was silent for a moment. The policeman could already see the hospital, not very clearly, because there was dust, or something in his eyes, but they would surely be there in another minute.

"She's Madge the Lady—and she's got five coats—and—I'm—Madge the Mag—I—"

The hospital at last, but—too late again, Mr. Policeman!

Evening without fail. Some gos-chorus, and quartette singing been arranged.

The morning sermon will be "What is a reasonable Sunday?" This will also be discussed in the adult Sunday School department.

Dissolution of Partnership.

Notice is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing between W. J. Shannon and S. D. Nelson under the firm name of Shannon & Nelson is this day dissolved by mutual consent. S. D. Nelson will continue the business and will collect all bills due and pay all debts contracted by said firm.

Dated April 25, 1912.

W. J. SHANNON,

21-23 Main St.

S. D. NELSON,

Baptist Church Announcement:

Rev. C. W. Palmer will preach next Sunday, subject in the morning "Right and Wrong Thinking," in the evening "The Existing Heaven and the Existing Hell from a Point of View." Sunday School.

NATIVE QUARTER OF COLON.

Many Nationalities Swarm on the tiny Island and All seem to Be Happy.

The portion of Colon known as the "native" quarter is most interesting to travelers from the land of Uncle Sam, says the Detroit Free Press. Such a heterogeneous collection of nationalities as swarm there would be hard to duplicate. It is estimated that fully 50,000 people remain on the island, and a large portion of them

MAY REACH FARMERS

The Industrial Agitation Liable to Affect the Harvest Fields.

The Farmer Powerless and More Helpless Than Any Other Employer—Strike on Great Railroad System Like Great Northern Affairs All Business

If, perchance, a strike should be ordered on the Great Northern Railroad, its influence might be much more far-reaching than is generally supposed. There is already a movement on foot to inaugurate a plan to apply to farm labor the system of organization which is now in force among the trades and other classes of labor.

Heretofore the farmer has been exempt from labor agitation, but if this railroad strike should permeate the Northwest it is very likely its influence would extend to the agricultural districts as well. Hitherto the farmer has looked on labor agitation with great complacency, but his own experience is evidently near at hand.

The farmer, too, is in a more helpless condition than almost any other class of the community. In the average strike the man, or company, can temporarily suspend business and resume again when "the cruel war is over," but with the farmer, when his grain is ready to cut, the work must be done at once or he loses a large percentage of his crop, and if long delayed loses it entirely. The consequence is when organization reaches the farm, as it has in the Eastern states, and demands higher wages and shorter hours, the farmer will be powerless and more helpless than any line of business which has been confronted with a strike.

There is not, in fact, any branch of business in the Northwest which would not be materially injured by a strike on a great railroad system like the Great Northern, and when the farmer is reached and gathered into the voracious maw of labor agitation there will be little left which organization has not reached. —Globe.

DOUBLE-HEADERS.

The Attitude of the Trainmen Reviewed.

As a rule, of late, railway employees, trainmen especially, have been pretty reasonable in their demands upon the employing companies. The railways have been enjoying a period of unusual prosperity, and it was not inappropriate that the employees should ask a reasonable increase in wages as their share of the prosperity. For the most part, railway managers recognized the justice of the demand, and wage scales have been raised quite generally without anything serious in the way of a strike. A strike is now threatened on the Great Northern Railway, which was one of the first roads to grant a liberal increase in wages. The strike is now threatened, not as a result of wage disputes, but over a matter of economy in the running of trains. As the grainmen of the dispute has been presented in the Minneapolis newspapers, the Great Northern trainmen are wholly wrong in their contention and should be counted on little popular sympathy if they make the refusal of their demands the pretext for a strike.

The dispute is over the use of "double-heads." A "double-header" is a railway parlor, in which two locomotives are attached. The Great Northern Company desires to use two locomotives to pull over the heavy grades trains which on the most level track need only a single locomotive. The trainmen contend that when two locomotives are used to pull over the heavy grades trains which on the most level track need only a single locomotive. The company, reasonably enough, it would seem, argues that it has use for but a single train crew and has no desire to employ more men than are really needed. It argues, however, that as the use of the extra engine requires no extra work on the part of the crew employed, the company is not disposed to pay double wages to that crew.

It is not difficult to see what the trainmen have in mind. If they can prevent the company from using "double-heads," the company must run two trains instead of one to get the same number of cars over a heavy grade.

Thus two train crews instead of one will be given employment. The trainmen insist that if the "double-header" be used the crew employed shall be paid double wages, so the railway may not be able to find any economy in the use of the "double-header."

This is clearly a case in which the labor organization is contending against the logical economy of things.

It is the same old protest before labor-saving methods which has so often brought organized labor into disrepute. The trainmen are insisting that the railways shall handle their transportation of freight in a more expeditious way than modern ingenuity has been able to devise. In so doing, the trainmen are arguing against the interest of the railway and that of the public as well. It is the right of the railway to transact its business on the most economical methods. It is to the interest of the

public that the railways shall be allowed to do this. It is the obligation of the company to pay all its employees a fair wage for the service performed. It is not the right of the employee to ask that he shall be paid for more work than he actually performs, or that the railway shall employ more men than are actually needed in the running of trains. The Great Northern trainmen are fundamentally wrong in demanding what they do. Even if their demands should be granted, notably—not even themselves in the long run—would be benefited, but best for the individual. Looking back over the long record of strikes, we find that what at first looked like a calamity to some eventually proved to be a blessing in disguise. Facilitating production has made work easier, wages higher and in the long run has helped to make opportunities for labor. The Great Northern trainmen should ponder a long while before they strike against a principle the soundness of which has been proved by the record of centuries. —Sioux City Journal.

Coming Strikes.

From Salt Lake City Sentinel.

It is not only the strike upon the Great Northern Railway System which is scheduled to occur soon, but of others, also, that are to occur from time to time, to accomplish the ends sought by the high strike authorities, and by the walking delegates who do the actual work, that we should speak. To the multitude of common people who judge by what they see and hear, it is a cause of wonder and surprise that an immense body of employees of the Great Northern Railway Company who are being paid all they ask, and with their families happily located, and with the most agreeable relations existing with the company officials, should permit themselves to be drawn or voted into a serious strike over a question or point that don't amount to shocks to them; into a contest likely to cost the employees their positions, and consequently the loss of their homes, which they cannot afford, and on the other hand may cost the company many millions of dollars which it can afford, because all such losses or burdens will be figured into the company's expense account to be paid by the future shippers on the line—the ultimate end of all charges, and in making which payments, the farmer has the lion's share.

But in blissful ignorance of his hideous connection with the exciting game, very many of the farmers are constantly sympathizing with the strikers, mainly because one of the parties is a corporation.

But passing by this threatened strike upon the Great Northern Company with its probable bad results upon the country, it would be well for the farmers and especially the large farmers of western Minnesota and the two Dakotas to understand that in the epidemic of strikes which is upon the country, those farmers may be hit directly as well as indirectly. As a prelude to the game that will interest them, quite a number of them during last wheat harvest season were confronted with the "walking delegate" among their harvesting crews who readily agreed to demanding an extra dollar or half dollar per day—a demand that was not resisted. When such organized movements cover the country, and the demands are so exorbitant as to absorb all profit in the crops, then, the striking business will not be amusing to farmers nor to those who depend upon trade with farmers. It makes a difference whose ox is being gored. As the epidemic spreads, the employers of smaller numbers of men will be threatened. That is not all. When there is adopted a system under which those who have nothing combine against those who have excessive wealth, the popularity of the thing spreads, and the ground between those making the railroads to grab what they have not earned, and those who are compelled to resist and fight to keep what they have earned, will become very narrow, and in a short time people of ordinary means may have a struggle to save themselves from organized plunder. Old-fashioned law will be found in end safer than the combinations of today.

FIND INDIAN BURIAL GROUND.

Laborers at Fort Riley, Kas., Dig Up

Skeletons with Potters and Other Relics.

Laborers grading in the vicinity of the new gun sheds at Fort Riley, Kas., have unearthed over a dozen skeletons, probably of Indians, and many fine hatchets and spearheads, oddly-shaped pieces of pottery, and stones probably used for grinding corn. The bones of the skeletons are larger than those of the average-sized man. The reliefs are thought to be at least 200 years old. It is believed that the spot was once a burial-ground.

It was thoroughly aroused.

A man in an apparently moribund condition, was recently taken into a hospital in Melbourne, Australia, and in order to revive him an electric shock was administered. The results were startling and unexpected. A demoniac energy was instantaneously infused. He rent the doctor sprawling on the floor and flung a couple of assistants out of the window. Then he proceeded to wreck the ward, while nurses ran away shrieking and barricaded themselves. He had done \$200 worth of damage before the police arrived.

PULPIT AND PEW.

The Rev. H. P. Perkins, of Pawtucket, reports to the American Board of Foreign Missions that there is a religious movement such as has never been seen before in that field in north China.

Rev. R. Calvin Johnson, a Presbyterian minister of St. Louis, preached a sermon in the world's fair grounds on Sunday to an audience of workmen, being the first religious services held on the exposition grounds.

Speaking to the New England southern conference, Bishop Fowler urged that the Epworth League be led into more active spiritual work in the church, and that it do not interfere in the work of appointment of pastors.

The Rev. William A. Brown and wife, who have been in charge of the English speaking congregation in Manila, have been appointed to work among the natives, their headquarters to be at San Fernando, Pampanga, Philippines. Mr. Brown went to the Philippines in 1902 from the Pastorate of Tower Grove Methodist Episcopal church, St. Louis.

RAILROAD NEWS AND GOSSIP.

Two locomotives, the largest in Europe, have just been turned out at Basle, Switzerland. The boilers are twice the ordinary size, give a force of 1,600 horse power, and a speed of over 75 miles an hour.

Russian experts now declare that the Manchurian railway traffic is likely to be often interrupted because the builders did not sufficiently allow for meteorological occurrences such as typhoons and inundations.

Holland, which is about one-quarter the size of Illinois, has about 2,000 miles of railroad, of which the government owns only one-half. With scarcely a quarter of the railroad mileage of Illinois, the recent railroad strike in Holland has attracted world-wide attention.

Natal proper, which is less than half the size of the Orange River Colony, has 50 percent more railways. Southern Rhodesia is somewhat larger than the Transvaal, but has only one-eighth of its revenue and one-twentieth of its white population. Yet it has more railways than the Transvaal, and nearly twice its mileage.

OK Young People</h2

LOVES THE PRAIRIES.

Miss Anna Gray Is Delighted with Her Western Canada Home.

Athena C. Gray is a young lady, formerly of Michigan. She is now a resident of Western Canada, and the following published in the Brown City (Mich.) Banner are extracts from a friendship letter written about March 13 to one of her lady friends in that vicinity. In this letter is given some idea of the climate, social, educational and religious conditions of Alberta, the beautiful land of sunshine and happy homes. Over one hundred thousand Americans have made Western Canada their home within the past five years, and in this year upwards of 50,000 will take up homes there.

Miss Gray took her leave for Didsbury, Alberta, the home of her sister and other relatives and friends on Jan. 10 last, and after a two months' sojourn in her western prairie home, the writer of it as follows: "I know I shall grow to love the prairies. We have a beautiful view of the mountains, and it seems wonderful to me to see home after home for miles, and it is becoming thickly settled all around us. With the exception of the last few days, which have been cold and stormy, we have had beautiful spring weather ever since I came. The days are beautiful. I call this the land of the sun, as it seems to be always shining, the nights are cold and frosty. On arriving here, I was so greatly surprised in every way. Didsbury is quite a business little town. All the people I meet are so pleasant and hospitable. They have four churches in Didsbury—the Baptist, Presbyterian, Evangelical and Mennonite. The Evangelicals have just completed a handsome church, very large and freely furnished, costing \$2,500. They have a nice literary society here, meets every two weeks. They have fine musical talent here."

"Your friend,
ANNA C. GRAY."

Sickness Made Them Generous. When the government ship Dolphin was coming home from China, carrying Secretary of War Moody, Senator Hale, the naval committee, and Speaker-elect Cannon, some rough weather was encountered. Just previous to the coming of the storm the steamer named had been downing the propeller shafts of six steamships. Messrs. Hale and Cannon were on board. When his offering had become too large for "Uncle Joe" called out to Secretary Moody: "Say, Moody, if you will get us to shore quickly I'll give you six battleships next winter." "I will make a better bid than that," retorted Senator Hale. "I'll take 20 battleships if the secretary will only keep this ship still for half an hour."—Kansas City Star.

A Tight Squeeze. Rock Island, Ark., May 11.—To be strangled from the very brink of the grave is a somewhat startling experience and one which Mrs. M. O. Garrett of this place has just passed through.

Mrs. Garrett suffered with a cerebral stroke, and had been treated by the best physicians, but without the slightest improvement.

For the last twelve months two doctors were in constant attendance, but she only grew worse and worse till she could not walk, and did not have any power to move at all.

She was so low that for the greater part of the time she was perfectly unconscious and could not even speak, and her heart broken, husband and friends were hourly expecting her death.

The doctors had given up all hope and no one thought she could possibly live.

In this extremity Mr. Garrett sent for a box of Dodd's Kidney Pills. It was a last hope, but happily it did not fail.

Mrs. Garrett used in all six boxes of the remedy, and is completely recovered. "I am doing well now, work now and feel as well as I did. Dodd's Kidney Pills certainly saved me from death."

Not Her Ideal. Nell—A girl seldom marries her ideal, does she?

Belle—No; some other fellow generally comes along with a lot of money.—Palatial, this Record.

His Cure cannot be too highly spoken of as a cough cure.—J. W. O'Brien, 222 Third Ave., N. Y., Minneapolis, Minn., Jan. 6, 1900.

"De mea dat has sense enough to take good advice, and Uncle Ben is usually smart enough to think it up for himself."—Washington Star.

To Cure a Cold in One Day Take Laxative Remo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund money if it fails to cure. 25¢

If you would predict a man's future get the proper focus on his past.—Chicago Daily News.

"The Clean, Keel Kitchen Kind" of stove keeps your clean and cool. Economical and always ready. Sold at good stove stores.

Better be a good man than a man of goods.—Sam's Horn.

Petum Fades—Dyes produce the brightest and fastest colors.

Talcum—Talcum is just as bad as talcumakers.—Sterilizer.

TIRED BACKS

Come to all who overtax the Kidney. Don't neglect the aching back. Many dangerous Kidney troubles follow in its wake. Mrs. C. R. Pare of Co. Umbria Ave., Glasgow, Kentucky, wife of C. R. Pare, a prominent brick manufacturer of that city, says: "When Doan's Kidney Pills were first brought to my attention I was suffering from a complication of kidney trouble. Besides the bad back which usually results from kidney complaints, I had a great deal of trouble with the secretions, which were exceedingly variable, sometimes excessive and at other times scanty. The color was high, and passages were accompanied with a scalding sensation. Doan's Kidney Pills soon regulated the kidney secretions, making their color normal and banished the inflammation which caused the scalding sensation. I can rest well, my back is strong and sound and I feel much better in every way."

A FREE TRIAL of this great kidney medicine which cured Mrs. Pare will be mailed to any part of the United States on application. Address Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y. For sale by all druggists, price 50 cents per box.

STEAMSHIP IN PERIL.

Infernal Machine Found on Cunard Liner Umbria.

POLICE WARNED BY MAFIA LETTER.

Discloses Plan to Blow British Ships from the Sea—Machine Discovered Just Before the Big Vessel Sailed.

New York, May 11.—A box containing 100 pounds of dynamite, two battery batteries, and an ingenious clockwork device for exploding the dynamite was found Saturday at the pier of the Cunard liner Umbria just before the steamer sailed for Europe. Although the box and its contents made up a formidable infernal machine—the most dangerous device of its kind ever found in this city—neither the Umbria, its passengers, nor the hundreds of persons on the pier were in danger, because the fuses intended to explode the dynamite were not capped and the arrangement for igniting them was not set, although the touch of the fuses would have set the exploding device in an instant. The box contained explosive enough to blow the bottom out of the steamship. It was found by Detectives who had been warned by a special delivery letter addressed to Police Commissioner Green and signed by "Pietro de Martini."

Plot Against British Ships. This warning letter declared that a secret had been formed for the purpose of driving English ships off the high seas by blowing them up with dynamite, and hinted that the society is affiliated with the Mafia.

The police see in the affair something more significant than a plot to destroy the Umbria and the other 700 persons who sailed on the big liner Saturday. In other words, the infernal machine sent to the Umbria pier was intended, it is believed, as a convincing demonstration of the absolute power held in the hands of the secret society referred to in Pietro de Martini's warning letter; that the society, as the letter states, has been formed to destroy all steamers flying the British flag; that the box containing the dynamite and its exploding device had been arranged so that an explosion could not occur, and then placed on the Umbria's pier to warn English shipowners of the fate in store for their vessels, and to show how easy it will be for the society to place similar infernal machines on board of ocean liners in the future.

First and Last Warned.

The letter in the hands of the police declares that the machine found Saturday is the first one made by the society, and is therefore a crude affair, intended simply to show how easy it is to sink a steamer. The letter declares this is the society's first and last warning, and that those who patronize British steamers must take their chances in the future.

The writing, composition and general appearance of the lettering indicate that it is the work of any one but an Italian, and suggest a desire to have the job attributed to Perians. The letter in its literary quality suggests a habit of writing rapidly, and possibly of writing for the newspapers. Among other things it quotes Shakespeare, with four errors in 12 words.

Regarded as a Hoax at First. In the absence of Gen. Greene the letter was turned over to Deputy Commissioner Piper, and his secretary, Mr. Eliot, was the first person to open it. He laughed at the contents, and turned it over to Capt. Piper, who was himself inclined to look at the thing as a hoax. The more the deputy commissioners studied the writing the more convinced he became that the thing was a joke, and it wasn't until his attention was called to the fact that the Umbria was to sail at two o'clock that he looked at it in a serious way. Capt. Langan read the letter, and rang a bell, and in a few minutes Detectives Farley, McCarthy, Moody and Lessan were on their way to the Cunard pier with instructions to hold up the Umbria until a thorough search had been made.

Found the Machine. Encountering Superintendent Watson on the pier, they told him what they were after. Acting Agent Floyd, of the Cunard line, was called into conference, and he said that Capt. Thomas Dutton, of the Umbria, must be told at once. When Capt. Dutton heard the story and saw the letter he declared that the Umbria would not leave the pier until the box had been found, or it was conclusively demonstrated that no such box was around.

The men went to the pier and soon found the suspicious looking box. They heard a ticking like a clock inside, and concluded to dispose of it before opening. They let it down into the water and gave it a good soaking, and then lifted it up on the pier again.

The water had not stopped the clock-work. It still ticked and made the detective nervous. It was finally decided that it would not be safe to open the box while the pier was crowded with people, so the Charles street station was asked to send men over to clear the pier. When this had been accomplished the top of the box was pried off and the mechanism was revealed. The glimpse sufficed to show Superintendent Murray, of the Bureau of combustibles, that the fuse was not set. The end of it was slightly charred, which led to the belief that it had ignited just as it was placed in the water, and that the water had extinguished it.

Large Quantity of Dynamite. The hasty examination of the box while it was on the pier revealed a large quantity of dynamite in the bottom, a cistern, which was anything but comforting to the Cunard officials. They begged that the box be removed and examined further at some other place, and a patrol wagon took it to the Charles street station. There the Umbria sailed.

ROOSEVELT IN CALIFORNIA.

Visits Several Towns and Speaks to the People Gathered to Greet Him.

Santa Barbara, Cal., May 11.—President Roosevelt's train left Los Angeles

at 4 o'clock Saturday and made its first stop at Ventura, where the president made a brief speech to the crowd at the station. The train reached Santa Barbara at 11 o'clock. Carriages awaited the presidential party, and they were taken for a drive to Montecito, through some of the finest country in this part of California. The party afterward proceeded to Plaza del Mar, where the president addressed several thousand people. The drive was then resumed through the most important business and residence streets. A brief visit was made to the Old Mission. At two o'clock the train departed for San Luis Obispo, the next stopping place. At night the president stopped at Monterey.

Hotel Del Monte, Calif., May 11.—President Roosevelt spent one of the most peaceful Sundays he has encountered since his trip began. In one of the most beautiful spots in California, two miles from the nearest city, unhampered by curious crowds, he had a chance to thoroughly rest and prepare for the coming week, which promises to be one of the busiest of his journey. His train arrived here at midnight, but he did not leave it until about nine o'clock in the morning. At that time Col. Ward and a detachment of the Fifteenth Infantry, who are stationed at Fort Monterey, arrived at his car. After the president had greeted the colonel and his staff he was driven to the hotel, where he and his party had breakfast. At the conclusion of the meal, the president and a small party rode horseback over the famous 12-mile drive along the sea, Santa Barbara, and some others of the party drove over the route in carriages. The weather was perfect, and the trip was greatly enjoyed.

In the afternoon he attended St. John's Chapel, on the hotel grounds. The services were conducted by Rev. Hobart Threlkeld, the chaplain. At the conclusion of the services, the president, Secretary of the Navy Moody, President Butler, of Columbia College, and president Wheeler, of the University of California, spent a couple of hours strolling about the hotel grounds. The president passed the evening quietly in his rooms at the hotel.

BASEBALL.

Baseball, Bats and Gloves Made by Presidential Clubs in Games on Sunday.

National League games on Sunday: At Cincinnati—Pittsburgh, 1, 4, 1; Cincinnati, 0, 2, 2. At St. Louis (two games)—Chicago, 6, 11, 1; St. Louis, 2, 11, 4; Chicago, 12, 14, 2; St. Louis, 8, 11, 6.

American League: At Canton, O., Cleveland, 6, 12, 2; Detroit, 2, 2.

American Association: At Columbus, 22, 21, 2; Indianapolis, 8, 11, 4. At Milwaukee—Milwaukee, 4, 2, 2; Kansas City, 1, 6, 1. At Toledo—Toledo, 19, 15, 4; Louisville, 2, 5, 6.

Western League: At Kansas City—Kansas City, 18, 17, 4; Milwaukee, 1, 4, 6. At St. Joseph—Peoria, 2, 2, 1; St. Joseph, 2, 6, 2. At Colorado Springs—Denver, 6, 10, 2; Colorado Springs, 4, 8, 0.

Three League: At Rock Island—Decatur, 9, 11, 2; Rock Island, 2, 9, 4. At Cedar Rapids—Cedar Rapids, 4, 2, 2; Rockford, 0, 4, 2. At Joliet—Bloomington, 9, 11, 5; Joliet, 4, 6, 2. At Dubuque—Dubuque, 12, 17, 2; Davenport, 1, 2, 2.

Died of Their Herbs.

Buffalo, N. Y., May 11.—Herman M. Blasdell, of North Collins, a former assemblyman, after whom the town of Blasdell, N. Y., is named, and his wife, were so badly burned in a fire which started from an explosion of gas and which destroyed their home Sunday that they died a few hours later. An adopted son, who was the only other occupant of the house at the time of the explosion, was slightly burned.

Passed Away.

Springfield, Ill., May 11.—Mrs. W. S. Jayne died Sunday at her home in this city of heart disease, aged 62 years. She was a daughter of the late Gen. John M. Palmer, who was governor of Illinois from 1867 to 1872, United States senator from 1891 to 1897, and the candidate for president on the national democratic ticket in 1896. Her husband is a son of Dr. William Jayne, of this city, president of the state board of public charities.

Met the Angels.

Leavenworth, Kan., May 11.—Mrs. Mary V. Baker, wife of ex-United States Senator Lucien Baker, died at her home here Sunday night, as the result of apoplexy, with which she was stricken last Monday. She was 57 years of age.

Embarrassment Charged.

Manila, May 11.—Albert Roberts, cashier of the government ice plant here, has been arrested on charge of embezzlement. His accounts have been found to be \$4,100 short.

Transports Quarantined.

Manila, May 11.—The quarantining of transports bound for San Francisco has been resumed on account of the cholera. The epidemic is making slight gains in Manila.

SPARKS AND FLASHES.

Iridescent bulbs are supplied to Spanish Creoles each, delivered by German manufacturers.

M. Battelli, of Geneva, by combining massage with electrification, has resolved dead dogs and kept them alive for as much as 24 hours.

For suburban service, where great pull at starting is needed, the weight of the locomotive is now concentrated on the smaller drivers.

Walter has studied the electrical reactions in living matter which do not occur in dead matter. The time in which there is evidence of life in eggs, in an incubator, artificial or natural, is 24 to 62 hours.

A device has recently been perfected to break the ice on the third rail of electric railways, consisting of a polyginal wheel with angular or wedge-shaped faces in the tread, which cracks or breaks the ice or sleet on the rail in advance of the brush.

There was a nearly even number of electrical and gasoline motors in the National German automobile exhibition just closed in Berlin. With scarcely an exception the vehicles carried the motor in front, high above the axle. A new feature was rubber tires with steel soles.

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WISCONSIN STATE NEWS.

Says the Fired Shot.

Mrs. A. L. Schissler, of Milwaukee, better known as Lillian Diamond, now declares that F. William Reut, of Watertown, was plainly here the night of November 25, 1902. In a letter to Henry J. Killings, attorney for her husband, Mrs. Schissler gives for the first time her version of the shooting of her escort. While the revolver was held in her husband's hand it was her hand that exploded the weapon, accidentally, and caused the death of the young Watertown bank clerk, she says. Schissler was convicted of murder in the second degree on April 25, a stay of sentence being granted pending argument for a new trial.

Shot His Father.

Richard Sachse shot his father, Herman Sachse, three times at Glenwood, the wounds proving fatal. Herman Sachse and his wife have lived apart for some time, and the husband went to his wife's farm with the avowed intention, she claims, of making trouble. A fight ensued between the man and his son. Young Sachse claims that his father fired at him with a shotgun, and that he fired in self-defense. The young man and his mother were arrested.

May Expect Books.

Dr. Stephen Moulton Babcock's announcement of his theory that the weight of a body of matter is inversely proportional to its inherent energy, which is the result of 20 years of study, has aroused much interest among the other members of the faculty of the University of Wisconsin. The scientific members of the faculty say the theory is one of the most important contributions to science made in the present generation.

Farmer Missing.

Jacob Hammerstad, a wealth resident of the town of Hale, started from his home April 25 for Chicago, carrying with him a large amount of money for business purposes. He left his home for the nearest station, and has not since been seen or heard of. It is believed he has been murdered for his money. Hammerstad was regarded as one of the richest farmers in Trempealeau county.

Starved to Death.

George Washburn, an aged farmer, was found near La Crosse wedged between two trees, after having been missing for three days. Washburn, who was very feeble, started through the woods, stumbled and fell into a crevice of the trees. He was unable to release himself, and is supposed to have starved to death within a few rods of his home. He was found by a searching party.

Death of a Jurist.

Orson Cole, former chief justice of the Wisconsin supreme court, died at the residence of his son, Sidney H. Cole, in Milwaukee, from general debility, aged 84 years. Mr. Cole served in the Thirty-first congress as a whig and was a member of the constitutional convention. He served on the state supreme bench from 1853 to 1862, when he retired.

Honesty on Wild Animals.

Henry and John Tilton captured six young wolves and their mother on the hills just east of Oceola, watching three days and nights before they were able to catch the old wolf. They will receive a bounty of \$10. During April the county paid bounty on 74 foxes, three wild cats and four wolves, amounting to \$151.

STUFFED BLACK BEARS.

The Reason They Are Used as Signs by the Furriers.

The man who comes to New York only once in ten years said he could not understand why the furriers in Central park seemed so much more stuck up than the rest of the animals, but after he had traveled about town for several days he saw through it. It was because 99 per cent of the furriers in town have chosen a big black bear for an advertising sign. Why the other animals in the zoo should be so discriminated against puzzled the man not a little. One day he asked a furrier about it.

"It is because the bears last longer than anything else," said the furrier. "Of all the animals in New York I don't know of any that have a harder time than those that stand outside furriers' stores winter and summer and try to drum up trade for their employers. It doesn't make any difference what kind of weather comes along, whether it blows hot or cold, those fellows have to stand at their post and sweat or freeze, as the case may be. Naturally all those changes are pretty hard on their hide, and none but bears can stand the strain. Some furriers have tried the fox, the lynx and other animals now and then at a venture, but they have mostly come back to the bear as the most satisfactory of the lot. They cost more too. A good stuffed bear comes as high as \$50, but if he is treated well he will last for twenty-five years, so that brings him down to a comparatively low price after all!"—New York Press.

Charles A. Dana's Death.

They tell a good story of Charles A. Dana—how Dana once summoned a boy reporter and said, "Tomorrow you write up the yacht race."

"But," said the lad, "I don't know how; I'm a Nebraskan, I only came here last night sir, and I haven't so much as seen New York Harbor yet. As for yachts—why, I never saw a yacht in my life!"

"Just the reason I sent for you, my boy! You'll write a story that people can read; you'll picture the thing; you'll write with enthusiasm because it's all new to you!"

Sane logic! The poetry of the sea has always been written by landmen; it will always be. The barrack room ballads are best sung by a gentle civilian. The inside of anything is clearest seen by an erstwhile outsider. Mr. Bryce, not Mr. Lodge, writes "The American Commonwealth." Emerson, not Carlyle, writes "English Traits"—Rollo Lynde Hart in Atlantic.

Why He Should Learn Spanish.

One of the most brilliant series of the Gobelin tapestries represents the surprising adventures of Don Quixote. Louis XV. had a great affection for the doughty chivalier. One day he said to a great gentleman of his court: "Do you know Spanish?"

"No, sir," said the other.

"Ah, it is a great pity."

The seigneur, thinking, at the least, the king was going to order him the ambassador at Madrid, put himself with extraordinary zeal to the mastery of Spanish. In a few weeks he came back to his royal master and, with a conqueror's air, said:

"Your majesty, I have learned Spanish."

"My compliments," said Louis. "Read 'Don Quixote' in Spanish. It is much finer than in French."

Get the Least Result.

"How can you afford to give away these salt pickles with your meals? asked the man who dined cheaply at the little German restaurant around the corner.

"Ah, but you forget they make the awful thirst," said the proprietor. "The awful thirst makes trade for the bar, it is not the clever idea!"

"They certainly do make one thirsty," said the man at the table. "I feel those I've eaten already. Bring me!"

The proprietor's face was a study in expectancy.

"Bring me another glass of water!"—New York Tribune.

Stated a Fact.

A clergyman highly esteemed for his many excellent qualities, of which oratory is not one, has recently had placed in his church by his loving congregation a new pulpit. It is a fine piece of work ornate with carving and artistic embellishment. But the text inscribed on it, considering the effect of the good rector's sermons, might have been more happily chosen. "He giveth his beloved sleep," it runs.

Proved His Case.

Mother—The whipping you had yesterday does not seem to have improved you. Your behavior has been even worse today.

Willie—That's what I wanted to prove. You said I was as bad as I possibly could be yesterday. I knew you were wrong.

No Enemies.

"No, sir," said the cowboy. "Cactus Cal ain't got no enemy in the world." "I should think a man like him would be continually making enemies."

"Sure, but as soon as he makes one he gets his gun out play as unsmiles him!"—Exchange.

His Hard Remark.

Young Wife—That horrid tramp said my muscles were like cement, and yet he ate them.

Young Husband—Cement, eh? Well,

perhaps he wanted to make himself solid.—Philadelphia Record.

Hooray For Fat!

Little Willie (proudly)—My pa knows a few things.

Little Bob (contemptuously)—Hoo, my pa knows fewer things than your pa—Smart set!

An Unreasonable Caption.

Witticisms—I think the caption of this essay is one of the most unreasonable things I ever saw.

Criticisms—How so?

Witticisms—it is "The Decline of the Amateur." As if any one ever knew an amateur to decline.—Baltimore American.

The Real Thing.

Hewitt—I borrowed a policeman's uniform and put it on the other day.

Jewett—What did you do then?

I don't know; I immediately fell asleep.—Smart Set.

A RESOUCFUL LAWYER.

An Inspiration That Was a Case He Considered Hopeless.

A Philadelphia lawyer tells the story that a plump of Fanny Davenport once won a case for him. His client was suing the Pennsylvania Railroad company, of which Wayne MacVeagh was counsel, for \$7,500 damages for the death of her husband. "Just a few days before the case was to have come up he happened into my office and announced that she had married again. 'Well, Lord, madam,' I gasped, 'why couldn't you have waited until your case came up?' It's next to impossible for me to get damages for you now.' She said she didn't care very much, and went out seeming very happy. Well, it just happened that I had a photograph of Fanny Davenport on my desk, and when the next day Wayne MacVeagh happened into my office to discuss quite another matter he picked up the photo and admired it. 'Who's your friend?' he asked. I had a sudden inspiration, and I said: 'Why, that's the lady who is suing your company for \$7,500!' The deuce you say,' said he. 'Handsome woman, isn't she?' She, indeed,' I replied. 'Hm!' he exclaimed, looking at the picture closely. 'A deuced handsome woman, I should say. A deuced handsome woman!' There was a slight pause. 'What'll you take to settle this case?' he asked. I thought of my client's second marriage, and I fixed the figure at \$5,000. The deal was consummated and the case never came to court."

Paid in His Own Coin.

Once in a way Archbishop Temple of Canterbury would get paid back in his own coin. A delightful instance of this is recorded. The church people of a certain parish are said to have strongly urged the bishop to find another sphere for their parson, whom they wished to get rid of. Dr. Temple summoned the obnoxious clergyman to his study and suggested a chance of benefit. What was it, the parson wanted to know, that his people had to find fault with? "Well," said the bishop in the peculiarly harsh, strident voice that so sadly marred his preaching, "if you insist on it . . . it's your voice they complain of; they don't like your voice." "How curious!" said the clergyman. "A friend was with me at the cathedral the other day, when your lordship was preaching, and as he went out he said, 'What a fine sermon, but what an unfortunate voice!'"

An Accommodation Witness.

The witness on the stand had been ballyhooed by the lawyer until his patience was exhausted.

"Now," said the attorney, "you say you saw the prisoner draw his pistol?"

"Yes."

"Remember you are on your oath."

"I'm not forgetting it."

"You are sure you are telling the truth?"

"Sure."

"No mistake about it?"

"None."

"You couldn't be persuaded into any other statement?"

Here the Judge interposed.

"Oh, let him go on your honor," pleaded the witness. "He's a lawyer, and he doesn't know the truth when he sees it, and I'm only too glad to show him how so far as I can."

The Monument Was a Mist.

A stately granite shaft had been erected in the cemetery of a Massachusetts town in memory of a man whose life had been anything but praiseworthy. None the less the monument was one of the sights to be shown to a stranger, and one day a former resident of the town who had been away for many years returned and was taken to see the granite obelisk. He was no stranger to the faults and failings of the man whom it eulogized with its gilded inscription, and, after silent contemplation of the shaft on all sides, he said, "Well, if it's for goodness, it's too big, and if it's for badness it's not big enough!"—New Haven Chronicle.

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